

An Annotated Bibliography on Object–Orientation and Deduction

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Abstract

This note tries to briefly survey research activities and results on the integration of object-oriented concepts and deductive database languages.

1 Introduction

There are several efforts creating new deductive languages and systems extending conventional deductive database languages by involving concepts of higher order logics, especially the treatment of sets. In contrast to these value-based languages, object logics try to integrate the most important object-oriented concepts. Thereby, object identities and inheritance are available in these languages. Nevertheless, the ways to integrate object identities, classes and inheritance are quite different.

Besides these efforts in designing object-oriented deductive languages, the theoretical foundations of *object-oriented*, of *deductive* and of *object-oriented and deductive* systems are investigated. Whereas several well known and overall accepted semantics for logic programming exist, there is no clear consensus about what an object-oriented system is.

*Work reported here has been supported by BMFT under Grant No. ITS 9002 D

Therefore, in this area a lot of work still has to be done.

This survey can only be a snapshot of a very lively research area. Up to now a lot of excellent results have been presented. However, there still are some important steps to go on the way towards a full integration of object-orientation into deductive database languages.

2 Integration of Object–Orientation and Deduction

In the sequel we will try to give an overview of important steps and results on the integration of object-oriented concepts into deductive languages and systems.

2.1 Extending First–Order Predicate Calculus

The first steps towards object-oriented deductive languages were the design and development of value-based languages. These languages extend the well known first-order predicate calculus or the corresponding deductive database languages like **DATALOG** [CGT89, CGT90, etc.] with higher-order concepts.

The most popular deductive languages which support sets and set manipulation are **LDL** [TZ86, BNR*87, NT89, BNST91], **LPS** [Kup87, Kup88, Kup90] and **COL** [AG88, AH88, AG91]. In these languages different ways of integrating sets are proposed. In **LDL** we have a grouping operator to create sets. **LPS** uses restricted universal quantifier to manipulate sets. **COL** offers data-functions to specify and manipulate sets.

Another way to extend first-order predicate calculus with a higher-order concept is realized in **HiLog** [CKW89]. Instead of sets and set manipulation, **HiLog** offers the possibility to manipulate predicates by using the predicate symbols as constants and by parametrizing predicate symbols.

2.2 Object-Oriented Logics

The so-called *object logics* are **Maier's O-Logic** [Mai86], **C-Logic** [CW89], **O-Logic (revisited)** [KW89] and **F-Logic** [KL89, K LW90]. These logics include object identities, type/class hierarchies and notions of inheritance. Whereas in Maier's O-Logic an object's identity is created through a variable in a rule head which does not appear in the body of the rule, object's identities are generated in the other logics by explicitly giving an object name or using an object constructor.

Maier's O-Logic, C-Logic and the revisited O-Logic have a class hierarchy while F-Logic has an object hierarchy and no classes. Within the hierarchy, the properties of the objects of a class are inherited to the objects of all subclasses. In F-Logic the properties of an object are inherited to all specialized objects.

Concerning properties, Maier's O-Logic offers only functional labels (attribute fields) and C-Logic offers only set-valued labels. In the revisited O-Logic and F-Logic both are available. In addition, labels in F-Logic can be parametrized. A detailed investigation of these object logics can be found in [Kes90].

In addition to these logic-oriented approaches, in the last years a lot of proposals for deductive *languages* involving object-orientation have come up.

In **IQL** [AK89] object identities are created through unbound variables in rule heads. The language is strongly typed, has explicit object constructors for complex objects and has an inflationary semantics. In the data model on which **IQL** is based, there is, besides classes, the concept of relations in which objects can participate. Each class has its own object identity.

LOCO [LVVS90, STV91, STVV91] is based on ordered logic [LSV90, LV90a, LV90b, LV91], a three-valued logic. Rules are assigned to objects and are inherited within the object hierarchy. Object names and object constructors determine object identities.

LIVING IN A LATTICE [HS90, HS91] is an object-oriented rule-based language. The basic data model **EXTREM** [Heu87, HS89] distinguishes between specialization and generalisation. By restricting the rules which determine the objects of a derived class to be all object-generating or all object-preserving, derived classes can automatically be inserted in the type/class hierarchy.

The language **LOGRES** [CCC*90, CCT90, CCT91] offers multiple constructors for complex objects. Besides a tuple and a set constructor, there are also constructors for sequences (lists) and bags. The language is strongly typed and resembles **IQL**. Moreover, for **LOGRES**, an automatic generation of referential integrity rules is defined. A clear update concept distinguishing between the intensional and extensional database part is provided by modules for database evolution.

An extension of **LDL** by object identities and inheritance is **OIL** [Zan89]. The semantics of an **OIL** program is defined by an equivalent **LDL** program which can be received by transformation. The objects' identities are determined by tuple values. Therefore it is not pos-

sible to have to different objects with the same tuple value.

2.3 Further Approaches and Projects

There are a lot of further languages into which object-oriented concepts are tried to be integrated. Some of them should be mentioned here.

LOGIN [AN86] was one of the first declarative languages supporting inheritance. TEDM [MZO89, ZM89] is a data model and an object-oriented rule-based language. It is based on the ideas of Maier's O-Logic and can therefore be considered as an implementation of this logic.

The language IDLOG [She90] is a theoretical approach to express aggregation functions in a deductive language by adding tuple identifications to a pure first-order deductive language.

DLP (Distributed Logic Programming) [El91] is an extension of PROLOG with active objects. In DLP, parallelism and communication between concurrently active objects is possible. Within the objects, non-logical variables are used.

In a number of projects, object-oriented and deductive languages are implemented (e.g., LDL, F-Logic, LOGRES, TEDM). Within the KIWIS-project [ADJ*91] an object-oriented, deductive and distributed knowledge base management system is developed and implemented. Its core language is LOCO (see 2.2).

2.4 Theoretical Foundations

The scope of theoretical basic research concerning the integration of object-orientation and deduction is enormous. First of all there are many activities on both areas separately, but also ways for integration are considered.

Besides, other research areas have an influence which have not to be ignored; among others, these are the relational model (based on [Cod70]), semantic data models (e.g., TAXIS [MW80], SDM [HM81], IRIS [LK86], IFO [AH87], EER [GH91]) and data models for complex objects (e.g., [SS86], [PA86], [Heu87]).

2.4.1 Object-Oriented Aspects

Because no clear consensus exists about what an object-oriented system is, plenty of suggestions for *shopping lists* for object-oriented concepts (e.g., [Ban88, ABD*89, Dit90, Kim90]) have arisen.

In more detailed papers, single object-oriented concepts are investigated, e.g., object identity [KC86, MW90]. Also some aspects going beyond it, are considered for object-oriented systems, like meta-functions and contexts in [CS88].

In addition, there are more general frameworks [Bee91] and comparisons of object-oriented and relational database systems [Kim91]. Based on concrete systems (e.g., O₂ [LR89, O*90]) some interesting topics like algebra based query languages for object-oriented database systems (for instance RELOOP [CDLR90]) and how to classify query results in a class hierarchy [HS91] are dealt with.

2.4.2 Deductive Aspects

In the area of logic programming well-known and overall accepted foundations exist [Llo84]. The combination of logic programming and (relational) databases is considered in several publications [GMN84, CGT90, GN90, Ram90]. DATALOG [CGT89] is the well-known prototype of a deductive database query language.

[Ull85] is a survey of different ways to implement logical query languages. The discussion of semantics and evaluation of rules over complex objects is manifold (see for example

[HS89]). An approach to classify recursive formulas in deductive databases for query optimization is pointed out in [YHH88].

As a typical candidate for all implementation projects of deductive database systems, ALGRES [CCG*88] is mentioned here. A short overview of further projects is given in [CGT90].

A historical survey of the development of deductive databases as a research field can be found in [Min88].

2.4.3 Aspects for the Integration

Because the integration of object-oriented concepts into deductive languages is treated in many different ways within the publications on languages mentioned above, we will give here only a brief overview of additional approaches.

[Ban86] is one of the first approaches towards a semantically sound integration. Further investigations can be found in [Ab90, Bee90]. In [Ab90] the introduction of explicit control for realizing updates is discussed. The access to complex objects in a rule-based language is considered for instance in [San88].

A special semantics for object-oriented logic programs is developed in [LSV90, LV90a, LV90b, LV91]. The three-valued *ordered logic* in which several well-known semantics for logic programming are reflected is the basis for the language LOCO (see 2.2).

2.4.4 Further Aspects

A lot of related works remains which we have not mentioned yet. There are extensions of relational database systems, like POSTGRES [SJGP90, SRH90] and EXODUS [CDV88], projects in which logic programming is used to implement a relational system (e.g., [BF89]) and different proposals for specifications of objects.

Among the specification approaches, we can distinguish more general algebraic ones [SE90,

FSMS90, EGS91], logical object specifications with inheritance [BL91] and specifications with temporal logic [SJ90, JSH91] for modeling database evolution.

Great efforts will have to be taken on the field of updates for object-oriented databases. First results for deductive (relational) databases [Ab88, dMS88, Dec90] show that we are not at the end of that way.

A very popular point is the development of graphical support tools. Graphical query languages for object-oriented databases are presented for instance in [GPvG90a, GPvG90b, STT91].

Finally, we refer to a state-of-the-art-report and a brief survey of the development of database theory in [Ull87].

3 Final Remark

This survey does not claim to be complete. In the present state, integration of object-orientation and deduction is a research area of high activity. Therefore a final survey is not possible today. However, the multitude of research activities and results achieved up to now calls for a preliminary survey of this field. Here we have tried to give such a survey.

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